

Achilles Tendon Problems

Introduction

Physical Therapy in Congress Park, Denver Downtown, Central Park, and Highlands Area for Achilles Pain



Welcome to Atlas Physical Therapy's patient resource about Achilles Tendon Problems.

Problems that affect the Achilles tendon include tendonitis, tendinopathy, tendocalcaneal bursitis, and tendonosis. Each of these conditions will be described and explained. These problems affect athletes most often, especially runners, basketball players, and anyone engaged in jumping sports. They are also common among both active and sedentary (inactive) middle-aged adults. These problems cause pain at the back of the calf. Severe cases may result in a rupture of the Achilles tendon.

This guide will help you understand:

- where the Achilles tendon is located
- what kinds of Achilles tendon problems there are
- how an injured Achilles tendon causes problems

- what treatment options are available

Hear from some of our **Foot Therapy** patients

- “ Atlas Physical Therapy is the best! I came in with a sprained ankle and the staff was super patient and helpful as we worked through the injury. Brett and Will were amazing and I would recommend them... ”
“ Atlas Physical Therapy is the best! I came in with a sprained ankle and the staff was super patient and helpful as we worked through the injury. Brett and Will were amazing and I would recommend them to anyone! The downtown location is super convenient for anyone who works down there too! ”

Leanne S

Denver, CO

[View all google reviews](#)

- “ By far the best physical therapists I have ever gone to! Alex and Kate have fixed everything that has come up from foot issues, to knee problems to all the tiny little things that happen during... ”

- “ By far the best physical therapists I have ever gone to! Alex and Kate have fixed everything that has come up from foot issues, to knee problems to all the tiny little things that happen during training or just life in general. Lexi and Emma are awesome at making sure im doing exercises correctly and making it fun at the same time. With the help of everyone at Atlas Physical Therapy I was able to complete my first ultramarathon and look forward to completing many other ridiculous goals. ”

Amanda H

Denver, CO

[View all facebook reviews](#)

- “ I had been referred to Alex at Atlas by several different people, but it ended up being my daughter's plantar fasciitis that finally got us in there. He did absolutely great with her really does well... ”

- “ I had been referred to Alex at Atlas by several different people, but it ended up being my daughter's plantar fasciitis that finally got us in there. He did absolutely great with her really does well with kids. I don't have any acute injuries at this point, but while I was in there with her, I asked about various ongoing issues/problem areas I have, and ended up beginning treatment with him as well. He takes a well rounded and very practical approach that for us has included tissue work (both), dry needling (me), ultrasound (her), adjustments (me), and obviously various exercises and stretches. The rest of the staff there is great as well. Highly recommend. ”

Dan O

Denver, CO

[View all facebook reviews](#)

- “ I am a runner and runners sometimes get hurt! Alex has magic hands. The man has helped me get through plantar fasciitis on both feet, hip and knee issues and a pulled hamstring! All while keeping it... ”

“ I am a runner and runners sometimes get hurt! Alex has magic hands. The man has helped me get through plantar fasciitis on both feet, hip and knee issues and a pulled hamstring! All while keeping it fun and just being an amazing coach. If something ails you- go see him! He has magic hands and will get you back on track in no time ”

Maili Aring Dilworth

Denver, CO

[View all facebook reviews](#)

•
“ Iâ€ve been going to Atlas for a couple of months to work on some issues with my peroneal and Achilles, and Iâ€ve been thoroughly impressed with every single person who works at Atlas. Iâ€ve worked... ”

“ Iâ€ve been going to Atlas for a couple of months to work on some issues with my peroneal and Achilles, and Iâ€ve been thoroughly impressed with every single person who works at Atlas. Iâ€ve worked with at least 5 people here, and they have all been knowledgeable, helpful, friendly, caring and cool. They remember who I am every time I come back, have been great at listening and helping with my recovery, and I quite honestly look forward to each visit. Iâ€ve been getting dry needling done lately, and I was pretty afraid since I hate needles. Both Kate and Amanda have done an excellent job however with minimal discomfort and great results afterwards. Iâ€m happy to have discovered Atlas, and Iâ€ve been recommending it to friends and family. ”

Matt G

Denver, CO

[View all yelp reviews](#)

•
“ Heather is great! Â She took me from barely walking to being able to run again. Â I broke/dislocated my ankle last year and started seeing Heather once I was weight bearing again. Â I wouldnâ€t have... ”

“ Heather is great! Â She took me from barely walking to being able to run again. Â I broke/dislocated my ankle last year and started seeing Heather once I was weight bearing again. Â I wouldnâ€t have gotten to the point Iâ€m at now without her! ”

Mark W

Denver, CO

[View all yelp reviews](#)

•
“ This place is great. I worked with Alex for a little over a month. I visited several PT's prior to meeting with Alex all of whom suggested to remove screws post ankle surgery. With Alex's help, I was... ”

“ This place is great. I worked with Alex for a little over a month. I visited several PT's prior to meeting with Alex all of whom suggested to remove screws post ankle surgery. With Alex's help, I was able to avoid a second surgery, AND am now feeling like I did before the injury. Thanks Alex ”

Jeff W

Denver, CO

[View all google reviews](#)

•
“ Amazing place, awesome team! I broke my ankle in January and had surgery a day later. About 7 weeks after that, I started physical therapy at Atlas and I could not have been happier. I was... ”

“ Amazing place, awesome team! I broke my ankle in January and had surgery a day later. About 7 weeks after that, I started physical therapy at Atlas and I could not have been happier. I was assigned to work with Kate as my PT and she was fantastic. She worked closely with me on movement, strengthening, massaging and flexibility in order to getting me back to my normal self and activities. At times, I even felt bad for her, because I am very ticklish so working on my foot wasn't always the easiest thing for her, but she took it like a champ; she even did a great job of distracting me in order for her to work on my ankle issues. The exercises I was instructed to do were super helpful, and I was able to do them both at home and at the facility (along with many more when I was there). I loved how I was able to work with multiple staff members while working out my ankle and everyone pushed me to keep going and never made me feel bad if I wasn't able to complete something, but rather said it was okay and we would try again the next time I came in. No matter the time of day or how busy they were, everyone said hello to you, by name, when you walked in making you feel very welcomed. Although I have recently graduated, I will sporadically go back so I can have Kate continue to help me recover, get new exercises for strength, and to just say hello to the staff. I could not be more happy with my recovery and the awesome people at Atlas who helped make it happen. ”

Rachel M

Denver, CO

[View all yelp reviews](#)

•
“ Laura has been a godsend for me and has helped put me back together more than once! I came in when I was pregnant for a hip issues, then post pregnancy for a foot issue. Both situations I was treated... ”

“ Laura has been a godsend for me and has helped put me back together more than once! I came in when I was pregnant for a hip issues, then post pregnancy for a foot issue. Both situations I was treated wonderfully by the administrative staff and the physical therapist. The new location is key, parking is ample. The are communicative, timely and most importantly, work wonders on what ails you! ”

Heidi K

Denver, CO

[View all yelp reviews](#)

•
“ I've been impressed and very satisfied with Atlas Physical Therapy ever since I started seeing them after a foot surgery in 2021. When I returned a year or so later in 2022 I worked closely with... ”

“ I've been impressed and very satisfied with Atlas Physical Therapy ever since I started seeing them after a foot surgery in 2021. When I returned a year or so later in 2022 I worked closely with Andrea and Nate. Not only were they fantastic to work with, they were excellent listeners and very effective at finding the best treatment to alleviate my issues. I highly recommend using them for your PT needs! ”

Kristi S

Denver, CO

[View all google reviews](#)

•
“ Am 77 years old and started seeing Lexi at the Stapleton location for strengthening of an achilles tendon injury, core strength training, and flexibility and balance training. Lexi was very sensitive... ”

“ Am 77 years old and started seeing Lexi at the Stapleton location for strengthening of an achilles tendon injury, core strength training, and flexibility and balance training. Lexi was very sensitive to all of my needs and concerns and included all of the areas that I wanted to improve upon in each workout. I have improved significantly in each of those areas and Lexi has given me a series of exercises and stretches to maintain and continue to build on my own. I highly recommend Lexi to anyone seeking to improve themselves in a serious yet fun environment. ”

Wayne B

Denver, CO

[View all google reviews](#)

•
“ I am really grateful to Alex and his crew, they helped me with an ankle injury and my back issues. He helped strengthen and rehabilitate my ankle, while leaving me feeling like he was really... ”

“ I am really grateful to Alex and his crew, they helped me with an ankle injury and my back issues. He helped strengthen and rehabilitate my ankle, while leaving me feeling like he was really invested in my recovery. When we had reached a point where I was still having some pain but he had done all that he could, he didn’t just keep taking my money, he made a suggestion for a doctor that might be able to help me further. I recommend them regularly and will be back with any future injuries. ”

Susie B

Denver, CO

[View all yelp reviews](#)

•
“ I’ve struggled for seven years with ankle pain since tearing a ligament, and also developed really bad runner’s knee while training for my first half marathon last year. The only other time... ”

“ I’ve struggled for seven years with ankle pain since tearing a ligament, and also developed really bad runner’s knee while training for my first half marathon last year. The only other time I’d been to physical therapy for a previous injury, the results were temporary. Alex at Atlas PT explained the why behind my pain, gave me detailed exercises and therapy that were doable, I noticed results immediately... and four years later, I can still run, hike, and ski again without pain. ”

Rachel W

Denver, CO

[View all yelp reviews](#)

“ Hey! Iâ€ve been working with Alex Lanton following two surgeries on my foot. Heâ€s so smart, fun, and effective. I would never go anywhere else for my PT needs. ”

“ Hey! Iâ€ve been working with Alex Lanton following two surgeries on my foot. Heâ€s so smart, fun, and effective. I would never go anywhere else for my PT needs. ”

Jenna T

Denver, CO

[View all google reviews](#)

•

“ My daughter saw Nikhil to address ankle pain due to hypermobility. He was great at quickly identifying the issue, explaining it, and prescribing easy and effective exercises that helped very quickly.... ”

“ My daughter saw Nikhil to address ankle pain due to hypermobility. He was great at quickly identifying the issue, explaining it, and prescribing easy and effective exercises that helped very quickly. Great experience. ”

Sarah J

Denver, CO

[View all google reviews](#)

•
•

Anatomy

Where is the Achilles tendon, and what does it do?

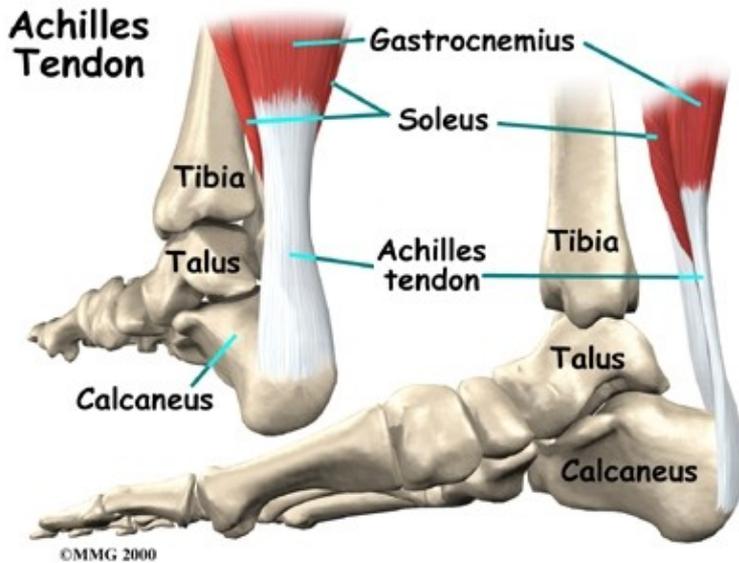
Achilles Tendon



©MMG 2001

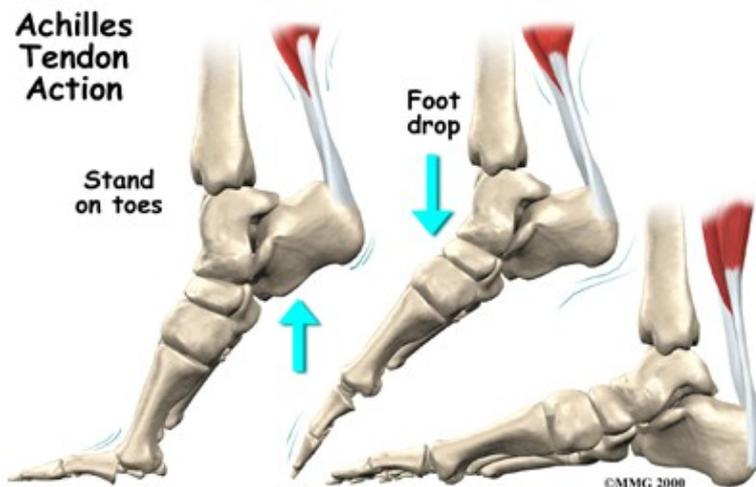
The Achilles tendon is a strong, fibrous band that connects the calf muscle to the heel. The calf is actually formed by two muscles, the underlying *soleus* and the thick outer *gastrocnemius*. Together, they form the gastroc-soleus muscle group.

Gastroc-Soleus Muscle Group



When they contract, they pull on the Achilles tendon, causing your foot to point down and helping you rise on your toes. This powerful muscle group helps when you sprint, jump, or climb. Several different problems can occur that affect the Achilles tendon, some rather minor and some quite severe.

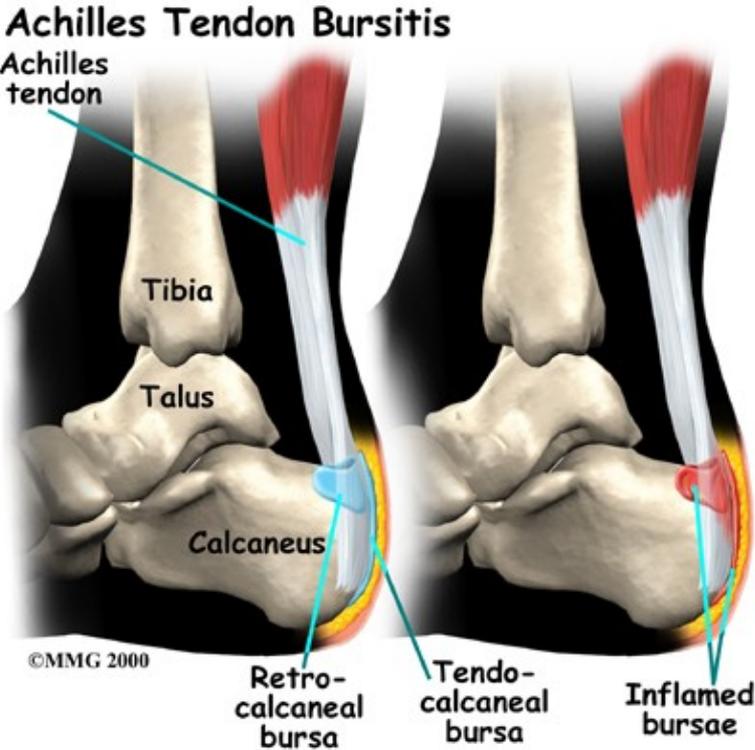
Powerful Muscle Group



Tendocalcaneal Bursitis

A *bursa* is a fluid-filled sac designed to limit friction between rubbing parts. These sacs, or *bursae*, are found in many places in the body. When a bursa becomes inflamed, the condition is called *bursitis*.

Tendocalcaneal Bursitis is an inflammation in the bursa behind the heel bone. This bursa normally limits friction where the thick fibrous Achilles tendon that runs down the back of the calf glides up and down behind the heel.



Achilles Tendonitis

Achilles Tendonitis



©MMG 2000

A violent strain can cause trauma to the calf muscles or the Achilles tendon. Sometimes this is referred to as *tendonitis*. This injury can happen during a strong contraction of the muscle, as when running or sprinting. Landing on the ground after a jump can force the foot upward, also causing injury. The strain can affect different portions of the muscles or tendon. For instance, the strain may

Achilles Tendon Rupture



©MMMG 2000

occur in the center of the muscle. Or it may happen where the muscles join the Achilles tendon (called the *musculotendinous junction*).

Achilles Tendinopathy/Tendonosis

Chronic overuse may contribute to changes in the Achilles tendon as well, leading to degeneration and thickening of the tendon. Studies show there is no sign of inflammation with overuse injuries of tendons. Most experts now refer to this condition as *tendinopathy* or *tendonosis* instead of tendonitis.

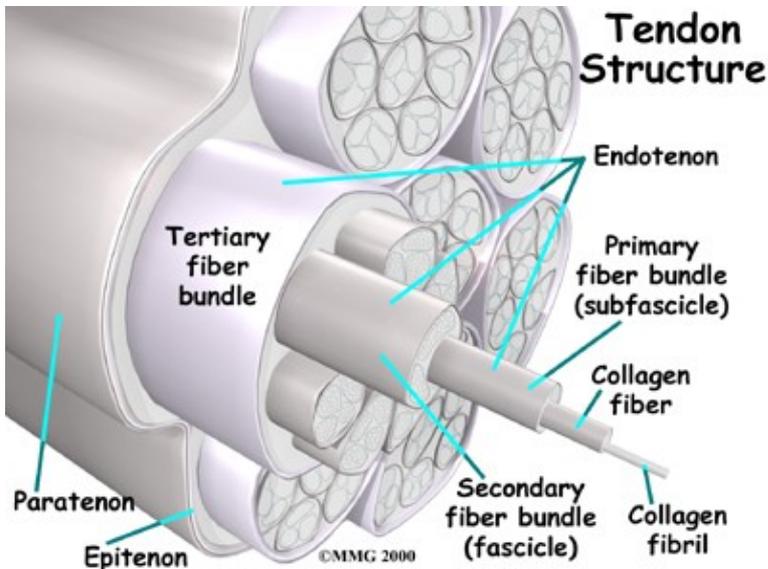
Achilles Tendon Rupture

In severe cases, the force of a violent strain may even rupture the tendon. The classic example is a middle-aged tennis player or weekend warrior who places too much stress on the tendon and experiences a tearing of the tendon. In some instances, the rupture may be preceded by a period of tendonitis, which renders the tendon weaker than normal.

Causes

How do these problems develop?

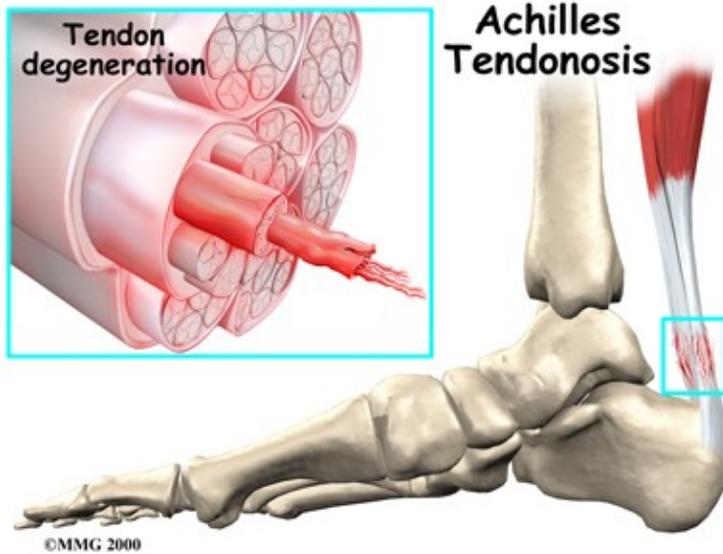
It's not entirely clear why these problems develop in some people but not in others. Changes in the normal alignment of the foot and leg may be part of the problem. Anyone with one leg shorter than the other is at increased risk of Achilles tendon problems.



For the athlete, sudden increases in training may be a key factor. Runners may add on miles or engage in excessive hill training while other athletes increase training intensity. Other risk factors include obesity, diabetes (or other endocrine disorders), aging, exposure to steroids, and taking fluoroquinolones (antibiotics).

Problems with the Achilles tendon seem to occur in different ways. Initially, irritation of the outer covering of the tendon, called the *paratenon*, causes *paratendonitis*. Paratendonitis is simply inflammation around the tendon. Inflammation of the tendocalcaneal bursa (described above) may also be present with paratendonitis. Either of these conditions may be due to repeated overuse or ill-fitting shoes that rub on the tendon or bursa.

As we age, our tendons can degenerate. *Degeneration* means that wear and tear occurs in the tendon over time and leads to a situation where the tendon is weaker than normal. Degeneration in a tendon usually shows up as a loss of the normal arrangement of the fibers of the tendon. Tendons are made up of strands of a material called collagen. (Think of a tendon as similar to a nylon rope and the strands of collagen as the nylon strands.)



Some of the individual strands of the tendon become jumbled due to the degeneration, other fibers break, and the tendon loses strength.

The healing process in the tendon causes the tendon to become thickened as scar tissue tries to repair the tendon. This process can continue to the extent that a nodule forms within the tendon. This degenerative condition without inflammation is called *tendonosis*. The area of tendonosis in the tendon is weaker than normal tendon. Tiny tears in the tissue around the tendon occur with overuse. The weakened, degenerative tendon sets the stage for the possibility of actual rupture of the Achilles tendon.

Symptoms

What do these conditions feel like?



Tendocalcaneal bursitis usually begins with pain and irritation at the back of the heel. There may be visible redness and swelling in the area. The back of the shoe may further irritate the condition, making it difficult to tolerate shoe wear.

Achilles tendonitis usually occurs further up the leg, just above the heel bone itself. The Achilles tendon in this area may be noticeably thickened and tender to the touch. Pain is present with walking, especially when pushing off on the toes.

An Achilles tendon rupture is usually an unmistakable event. Some bystanders may report actually hearing the snap, and the victim of a rupture usually describes a sensation similar to being violently kicked in the calf. Following rupture the calf may swell, and the injured person usually can't rise on his toes.

Diagnosis

How do health care providers identify the problem?

Diagnosis of Achilles tendon problems is almost always made through clinical history and physical examination. The physical examination is used to determine specifically where your leg hurts.

When you visit Atlas Physical Therapy, our Physical Therapist may perform some simple tests if a rupture is suspected. Your therapist may move your ankle in different positions and ask you to hold your foot against applied pressure. Palpation (feeling for any abnormalities in the tendon) and muscle function tests may also be included. By stretching the calf muscles and feeling where these muscles attach onto the Achilles tendon, we can begin to locate the problem area.

Some patients may be referred to a doctor for further diagnosis. Once your diagnostic examination is complete, the Physical Therapists at Atlas Physical Therapy have treatment options that will help speed your recovery, so that you can more quickly return to your active lifestyle.

Our Treatment

Non-surgical Rehabilitation

When you begin Physical Therapy at Atlas Physical Therapy, the rehabilitation program that our Physical Therapist prescribes will depend on the specific type of problem (tendonitis or tendinopathy/tendonosis/tendon rupture) present.

Tendonitis/Tendinopathy

In the past, nonsurgical treatment for tendocalcaneal bursitis and Achilles tendonitis started with a combination of rest, ice, and anti-inflammatory medications prescribed by your doctor.

Since it is now recognized that many tendon problems occur without inflammation, the use of anti-inflammatories and ice have come into question. In the case of true inflammation, the overuse of these modalities may prevent a normal, healing inflammatory process. Preventing inflammation needed to clean up cellular debris in the injured area may lead to delayed or incomplete healing. The result may be future chronic problems of tendonosis and/or tendinopathy.

Many experts suggest that when there is any doubt about inflammation, treatment should proceed as if there are no inflammatory cells present. Our approach would then focus on pain relief and restoring proper

motion and weight-bearing so you can return to your usual activities.

If there is an inflammatory process, then the condition should respond fairly quickly to drug and antiinflammatory interventions. Limiting, but not eliminating, inflammation is the new goal.

Our Physical Therapists know when and how to apply cold modalities to reduce swelling and pain, while still allowing the healing inflammatory process. We may also apply treatments such as ultrasound, moist heat, and massage are used to control pain and inflammation. As pain eases, we will progress your treatment to include stretching and strengthening exercises.

Tendonosis

If the problem is one of tendon tissue degeneration, healing and recovery may take longer. This type of injury will not respond to treatment designed to reduce inflammation. Correct treatment of tendonosis involves fostering new collagen tissue growth and improving the strength of the tendon. Rehabilitation following rupture of the tendon is quite different and is described later.

An acute injury needs rest. We recommend that initially, you limit activities that require walking on the sore leg. Although the time required for rehabilitation varies among patients, in cases of Achilles tendinopathy, or when a partial tendon tear is being treated without surgery, patients may require two to three months of Physical Therapy.

Your Physical Therapist may recommend that a small (one-quarter inch) heel lift be placed in your shoe to minimize stress by putting slack in the calf muscle and Achilles tendon. A similar sized lift will also be placed in the other shoe to keep everything aligned.

Injured tendons shorten and need to be stretched. Only gentle stretches of the calf muscles and Achilles tendon are used at first. As the tendon heals and pain eases, more aggressive stretches are given. Our therapist may also use ultrasound and massage to help the tendon heal.

As your condition improves, exercises to strengthen the calf muscles begin. Strengthening starts gradually using *isometrics*, exercises that work the muscles but protect the healing area. Eventually, specialized strengthening exercises, called *eccentrics*, are used, working the calf muscle while it lengthens.

The Physical Therapy provided by Atlas Physical Therapy enables patients to gradually return to normal activities. We have specialized programs to guide athletes in rehabilitation that is specific to their type of sport.

Tendon Rupture

Nonsurgical treatment for an Achilles tendon rupture is somewhat controversial. It is clear that treatment with a cast will allow the vast majority of tendon ruptures to heal, but the incidence of rerupture is increased in those patients treated with casting for eight weeks when compared with those undergoing surgery. In addition, the strength of the healed tendon is significantly less in patients who choose cast treatment. For these reasons, many orthopedists feel that Achilles tendon ruptures in younger active patients should be surgically repaired.

Nonsurgical treatment might be considered for the aging adult who has an inactive lifestyle. This allows the patient to heal while avoiding the potential complications of surgery. The patient's foot and ankle are placed in a cast for approximately eight weeks. Casting the leg with the foot pointing downward brings the torn

ends of the Achilles tendon together and holds them until scar tissue joins the damaged ends. During this time, your Physical Therapist will instruct you in safe and proper crutch utilization. After your cast is removed, our Physical Therapist can have you fitted with a large heel lift to wear for approximately another six to eight weeks after the cast is taken off.

Post-surgical Rehabilitation

Although the time required for recovery is different for each individual, patients are typically placed in a cast, brace or splint for six to eight weeks after surgery to protect the repair and the skin incision. Your Physical Therapist will help you learn to properly use crutches to keep from putting weight onto your foot too soon after surgery.

Devices used to immobilize the leg can cause joint stiffness, muscle wasting (*atrophy*), and blood clots. To avoid these problems, our therapist will have you start doing motion exercises very soon after surgery. Patients typically wear a splint or brace that can easily be removed to do the exercises throughout the day.

In this early-motion approach, you begin our Physical Therapy program within the first few days after surgery. Your Physical Therapist in Congress Park, Denver Downtown, Central Park, and Highlands Area may initially use ice, massage, and whirlpool treatments to limit (but not completely prevent) swelling and pain. Massage and ultrasound help heal and strengthen the tendon.

Our Physical Therapy treatments eventually progress to include more advanced mobility and strengthening exercises, some of which may be done in a pool. The buoyancy of the water helps people walk and exercise safely without putting too much tension on the healing tendon. The splint is worn while walking usually for six to eight weeks after surgery.

As your symptoms ease and your strength improves, our Physical Therapist will guide you through advancing stages of exercise. Athletes often begin running, cutting, and jumping drills by the fourth month after surgery, and although recovery time is different for each patient, are usually able to get back to their sport by six full months after surgery.

Our goal is to help you keep your pain and swelling under control, improve your range of motion and strength, and ensure you regain a normal walking pattern. When your recovery is well under way, regular visits to the Atlas Physical Therapy will end. Although we will continue to be a resource, you will be in charge of doing your exercises as part of an ongoing home program.

Atlas Physical Therapy provides services for Physical Therapy in Congress Park, Denver Downtown, Central Park, and Highlands Area.

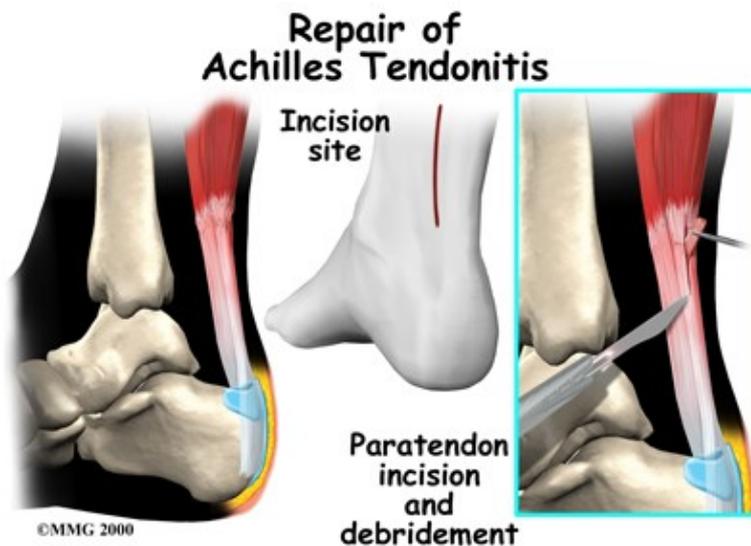
Surgery

Surgical treatment for Achilles tendonitis is not usually necessary for most patients. Surgery options range from a *tenotomy* (a simple release of the tendon) to a more involved, open approach of repair.

In some cases of persistent tendonitis and tendonosis a procedure called *debridement* of the Achilles tendon may be suggested to help treat the problem.

This procedure is usually done through an incision on the back of the ankle near the Achilles tendon. The tendon is identified, and any inflamed *paratenon tissue* (the covering of the tendon) is removed. The tendon is then split, and the degenerative portion of the tendon is removed. The split tendon is then repaired and

allowed to heal. It is unclear why, but removing the degenerative portion of the tendon seems to stimulate repair of the tendon to a more normal state.



Surgery may also be suggested if you have a ruptured Achilles tendon. Reattaching the two ends of the tendon repairs the torn Achilles tendon. This procedure is usually done through an incision on the back of the ankle near the Achilles tendon. Numerous procedures have been developed to repair the tendon, but most involve sewing the two ends of the tendon together in some fashion. Some repair techniques have been developed to minimize the size of the incision.



In the past, the complications of surgical repair of the Achilles tendon made surgeons think twice before suggesting surgery. The complications arose because the skin where the incision must be made is thin and has a poor blood supply. This can lead to an increase in the chance of the wound not healing and infection setting in. Now that this is better recognized, the complication rate is lower and surgery is recommended more often.

Portions of this document copyright MMG, LLC.